昭和41年度 能研テスト

高等学校 英 語 B（2年）

11月19日（土） 説明時間 14時35分～14時45分（10分）
テスト時間 14時45分～15時55分（70分）

答えの書き方

1 答えは、すべて各問いの指示にしたがって、別紙の解答用紙の□を、次の例のように黒鉛筆（2BまたはB）でぬりつぶすこと。

例 答えが単の場合。  ア  イ  ウ  エ  オ

2 次の場合は、いずれも誤答となるおそれがあるから、特に注意すること。

(1) 答えを訂正するさいに、消しゴムでよく消してない場合。
(2) 正答の□をぬりつぶしても、うすかったり、□からはみ出したりしている場合。
(3) ぬりつぶした□以外のところが、よこっていたり、何か記入してあったりしている場合。

3 答えの数が指定された数以外の場合は、誤答として扱われるから、注意すること。

注 意

1 英語B（2年）の問題用紙は8ページ（表紙を含む）である。解答用紙は、別紙（1枚）の
おもてを用いる。

2 解答すべき小問は、(1)から(45)までの通し番号に変わっていて、大問[1]から[8]までの中に
含まれている。

放送をよく聞いて、指示にしたがって解答すること。

4 問題の内容についての質問には、いっさい忘れない。印刷のわからないところがある場合には、
だまって手をあげて監督者に聞くこと。

5 監督者の「始め」というあいさつ始め、「やめ」というあいさつすぐにやめること。

6 鉛筆、消しゴム、ナイフなどの貸し借りをしないこと。

(英2・1)
放送を聞いて答える問題 (115 ページ参照)

これから、(1) から (5) までの各問いの文を英語でそれぞれ 2 回読む。答えが、それぞれ四つ書いてある。各問いごとに、最も適当なものを、アからエまでの中から一つずつ選べ。

(1) ア a book イ a magazine ウ a dictionary エ a newspaper
(2) ア a comb イ a pair of glasses ウ an earphone エ a watch
(3) ア an umbrella イ a camera ウ a walking stick エ a pair of sandals
(4) ア a question イ a letter ウ a purse エ a piece of advice
(5) ア a producer イ a historian ウ a discoverer エ an inventor

放送を聞いて答える問題 (115 ページ参照)

これから、あることについて英語で書いたものを 2 回読み、次に、その内容について、英語で質問する。(6) から (10) までの各問いについて、答えが、それぞれ四つ書いてある。各問いごとに、最も適当なものを、アからエまでの中から一つずつ選べ。

(6) ア They were driving. イ They were watching television.
ウ They were having their lunch. エ They were having a cup of coffee.
(7) ア John's teacher did. イ John's friend did.
ウ John and Mary's parents did. エ Uncle Bill did.
(8) ア He called for them at about 1:00. イ He called for them at about 1:15.
ウ He called for them at about 1:30. エ He called for them at about 1:45.
(9) ア He bought some fruit juice. イ He bought some ice cream.
ウ He bought tickets. エ He bought some fish.
(10) ア It was about the life of fish at the bottom of the sea.
イ It was about the wonderful scenes in the country.
ウ It was about the life of some sea birds.
エ It was about the children's life on Sunday.
Although he was born in a little village near the coast and had gone to school in the nearest seaside town, Mr. Brown was not a lover of the sea; even when walking along the sands, he was always afraid of being cut off by the tide. He was not a very good swimmer, so perhaps this explains it.

After working for some years in London he moved to a town on the coast and, of course, the family often went to the beach on holidays. One day his children wanted to go out into the bay in a boat. The sun shone brightly. There was little wind and the water was calm. So Mr. Brown hired a boat and with his two children rowed out into the bay. Of course they were tempted to go farther than they had intended, past a high steep rock and out to the open sea. At first all went well, but when they decided to turn back they found themselves in difficulties. A strong breeze had sprung up and the waves became higher.

Mr. Brown rowed hard, but it seemed they were making little progress. The children were waving to attract the attention of the people on the beach. Just then a motor-boat appeared from the direction of the bay. Their danger had been noticed and the boat had come to save them.

A rope was soon attached and they were pulled back round the cliff to the shore. Mr. Brown’s dislike of the sea was not influenced by their safe return.

(17) sands の意味は、どれか。

ア 砂 イ 砂漠 ウ 砂浜 エ 砂利 オ 川原

(18) this explains it で言おうとしていることは、どれか。

ア Mr. Brown liked the sea, because he lived at the seaside in his boyhood.
イ Mr. Brown liked the sea, because he often walked along the sands.
ウ Mr. Brown did not like the sea, because he was afraid of the waves.
エ Mr. Brown did not like the sea, because he was rather poor in swimming.
オ Mr. Brown was not a lover of the sea, because he was born in a little village near the coast.

(英 2・3)
(19) Why was Mr. Brown with his children tempted to go farther than they had intended? と問われたとすれば、その答えは、どれか。

Ａ Because he hired a boat to go out to the open sea.
Ｂ Because there was little wind and water in the bay.
Ｇ 因为他的两个孩子想出去到海湾里。
Ｅ Because he hired a boat and with his two children rowed out into the bay.
Ｈ Because it was fine and the sea was calm with little wind.

(20) the were making little progress の意味は、どれか。

Ａ かれらはほとんど進んでいなかった。
Ｂ 波は少しずつ勢いを増してきていた。
Ｇ 波はほとんど勢いを増していなかった。
Ｅ かれらの腕はほとんど上達していなかった。
Ｈ かれらは少しが進んでいた。

(21) What were the children waving for? と問われたとすれば、その答えは、どれか。

Ａ They were doing so to show the people on the beach how far they were rowing out.
Ｂ They were doing so to let the people on the beach know their danger.
Ｇ 他们正在这样做，以便向海滩上的人们展示他们划船的进度。
Ｅ They were doing so because their boat was moved up and down by the waves.
Ｈ 他们这样做是因为他们的船被海浪上下移动。

(22) Mr. Brown's dislike of the sea was not influenced by their safe return. の意味に最も近いものは、どれか。

Ａ After he was saved from danger, Mr. Brown was not so much afraid of the sea as before.
Ｂ Mr. Brown began to love the sea, because he learned the sea was not dangerous.
Ｇ 他获救后，布朗先生不再像以前那样害怕大海。
Ｅ Even after he was saved from danger, Mr. Brown’s dislike of the sea was the same as ever.
Ｈ As he was saved from danger, Mr. Brown came to be more fond of the sea than before.
In olden times man depended much on land. But when man learned to use the land for growing much grain, he also came to ruin it. Nature covers the land with growing things, and their roots hold the earth fast when the rain sweeps over it. Man has often cut down the trees and left the land bare. Misuse of the land, however, was not a problem for early man. He couldn’t do much damage with just his bare hands. And he seldom stayed long in one place. Besides, there really were not many people then.

Misuse of the land did become a problem when men could plow up the fields and keep them plowed. They had no idea that there was a right and a wrong way to do it. When they plowed up a hillside, they never imagined that the next rain might wash half the earth off it. It was thousands of years before men could think ahead beyond their own needs and plan for the people who would come to live there after their death.

(23) **growing things** の意味は、どれか。
ア 动物 イ 鸟 ウ 花 エ 植物 オ 蔬菜

(24) **hold the earth fast** の意味は、どれか。
ア 地面にしっかり伏着している イ 地中にしっかり伏着している
ウ 土をしっかりおさえている エ 土地を速く保護する
オ 速く土地にくいこむ

(25) **a problem** の意味は、どれか。
ア 問題を問う イ あること解決 ウ あること不快
エ あること反省 オ あること疑惑

(26) **with just his bare hands** の意味は、どれか。
ア に彼の大きな手 イ ない困難 ウ あらゆる体に
エ あらゆる工具を用いない オ あらゆる努力をしない

(27) **did become** の意味は、どれか。
ア 变成 イ 曾经变成 ウ 可能变成
エ 应该变成 オ 真正变成
(28) They had no idea の意味は、どれか。

ア They never heard ...
イ They never doubted ...
ウ They never knew ...
オ They never hoped ...

(29) It was thousands of years before men could think ahead beyond their own needs の意味は、どれか。

ア 人々が、自分たちに必要なこと以上にいろいろと先のことを考えることができるようになるまでには、数千年を要した。
イ 人々が、自分たちに現在必要なことよりももっと高度のことを将来のために考えることができるようになったのは、数千年前のことであった。
ウ 人々が、自分たちに現在必要なこと以外に将来のことも考えることができるようになったのは、数千年前のことであった。
エ 人々が、自分たちが現在必要としていることよりも将来必要になることを考えることができるようになるまでには、数千年かかった。
オ 人々が、自分たちに必要なこと以上にいろいろと頭の中で考えることができるようになるまでには、数千年を要した。

(30) 前のページの本文の内容に最も近いものは、どれか。

ア Man did not ruin the land, for he learned to grow much grain.
イ Early man did not need to wander from place to place, because he grew much grain.
ウ Man in olden times did not know that a problem would come out of plowing the land.
エ Early man did not do much damage to the land, because he knew how to use it.
オ People in olden times thought not only of their own needs but also of those of the people who would come after them.

(31) There is a long [ ] over the river.

ア [ ] ア ridge イ ridge ウ readg エ reig オ liege

(32) Walking is a good [ ] for the health.

ア [ ] イ ars ウ ers エ arc オ erc

(英2・6)
(33) The ship was crowded with passengers.
ア ssen イ shen ウ ssin エ send オ sing

(34) Mary looks quite different from her sister.
ア fera イ fare ウ fere エ erra オ arre

(35) Tom appeared to be surprised at the news.
ア arpr イ urpr ウ irpl エ erpr オ urpl

(36) The number of cars in our country ( ) much increased lately.
ア have イ has ウ had エ have been オ had been

(37) Make haste, ( ) you will be late for the train.
ア and イ unless ウ but エ or オ lest

(38) You ought to ( ) in bed till you had quite recovered.
ア have been イ have slept ウ sleep エ be オ be sleeping

(39) In case of rain, the excursion will be ( ) till the next fine day.
ア set aside イ put away ウ put off エ set off オ let out

(40) A fire ( ) in my neighborhood last night.
ア broke down イ burned down ウ broke out エ set up オ burned up
次の (41) から (45) までについて、〈　〉の中に示した日本文の意味を表す英文を作るには、〈　〉の中の語句をどんな順序に並べたらよいか。最も適当なものを、それぞれアからエまでの中から一つ選べ。

(41) I can't [A find B you C words D thank E to]。
(お礼のことばもございません。)

ア B E A D C イ A C E D B ウ A D B E C エ D B E A C

(42) I think [A that B with us C a pity D you can't come E it]。
(あなたがわたくしたちと行けないのは残念です。)

ア C E A D B イ A C B E D ウ E C B A D エ E C A D B

(43) The train runs [A of B ninety kilometers C at D an E a F hour G rate]。
(その汽車は1時間90キロメートルの割合で走る。)

ア D F C E G A B イ C E G A B D F ウ C D F B A E G エ B C D G A E F

(44) There is [A that B with C clock D wrong E something F big]。
(あなたの大きなとけいは、どこか狂っている。)

ア E D B A F C イ A F C E D B ウ D E B F A C エ C A F D B E

(45) There [A stands B that store C used to D where E a tall tree F be]。
(あの店のある所に、昔は大きな木があった。)

ア A B D C F E イ A E D B F C ウ C F B D E A エ C F E D B A

(英 2・8)
放送を聞いて答える問題

1. What do we call a paper which is printed every day to give us the daily news?
2. A man who cannot see well usually wears something. What does he usually wear?
3. When it is likely to rain, a man usually takes something with him. What does he usually take with him?
4. When you are in trouble and don’t know what to do by yourself, what do you usually ask your friend for?
5. What do we call a man, like Christopher Columbus, who finds out something that existed before but was not known?

放送を聞いて答える問題

Last Sunday, while John and Mary were having their meal at noon with their parents, the telephone rang. It was their uncle, Bill, calling to invite the children to go to the cinema with him to see a new film. They gladly accepted his invitation. He called for them in his car at about a quarter past one.

They enjoyed the movie very much. It was a beautiful picture about the life of fish at the bottom of the sea. The two hours of the show passed all too soon. Bill bought some ice-cream for them on their way home.

While they were driving home, they were still talking about the wonderful scenes in the film.

6. When the telephone rang last Sunday, what were John and Mary doing?
7. Who rang them up?
8. What time did Bill call for them?
9. What did Bill buy for the children on their way home?
10. What was the new film about?

(英 2・9)